

## Partial Derivatives and Derivatives-HW Problems

1. Find all of the partial derivatives of the following functions.

- a.  $f(x, y, z) = y^z$
- b.  $g(x, y) = \cos[x \sin y]$
- c.  $h(x, y, z) = z^{(x-y)}$
- d.  $f(x, y) = \cos(xy)$

2. Let  $g: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  by

$$\begin{aligned} g(x, y) &= xy \left( \frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2} \right) && \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0) \\ &= 0 && \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{aligned}$$

- a. Show that  $\frac{\partial g}{\partial y}(x, 0) = x$  for all  $x$  and  $\frac{\partial g}{\partial x}(0, y) = -y$  for all  $y$ .
- b. Using the limit definition of a partial derivative show that

$$\frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial x \partial y}(0, 0) \neq \frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial y \partial x}(0, 0).$$

3. Let  $f(x, y) = x + \frac{xy}{x^2 + y^2}$  if  $(x, y) \neq (0, 0)$

$$= 0 \quad \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0).$$

- i. Determine where the partial derivatives,  $f_x(x, y)$  and  $f_y(x, y)$ , exist and find their values.
- ii. Determine if  $f(x, y)$  is continuous at  $(0, 0)$ .
- iii. Determine if  $f(x, y)$  is differentiable at  $(0, 0)$ .

4. Let  $f(x, y) = (xy + xe^y, x\cos(y), e^{xy})$  and  $h(x, y) = e^{x+y}$ .  
 Find  $Df(x, y)$ ,  $Dh(x, y)$ , and  $D(h(x, y))(f(x, y))$  at  $(x, y) = (1, 0)$ .
5. Let  $f(x, y) = \frac{xy^3}{x^3+y^6}$  if  $(x, y) \neq (0, 0)$   
 $= 0$  if  $(x, y) = (0, 0)$ .
- a. Find  $f_x(x, y)$ ,  $f_y(x, y)$  for all  $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$ .
  - b. Determine if  $f(x, y)$  is continuous at  $(0, 0)$ .
  - c. Determine if  $f$  is differentiable at  $(0, 0)$ .
6. Let  $f(x, y) = (2x + 3y, xy^2)$  and  
 $g(u, v, w) = (e^u + v + w, e^{(v-w)} + w)$ .
- a. Find  $Df(x, y)$  and  $Dg(u, v, w)$ .
  - b. Let  $h(u, v, w) = f(g(u, v, w))$ . Use the chain rule to find  $Dh(0, -2, -2)$ .